

Package ‘lqmix’

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Description Estimate linear quantile mixtures based on Time-Constant (TC) and/or Time-Varying (TV), discrete, random coefficients.

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Author Maria Francesca Marino [aut, cre],
Marco Alfo' [aut],
Nicola Salvati [aut],
Maria Giovanna Ranalli [aut]

Maintainer Maria Francesca Marino <mariafrancesca.marino@unifi.it>

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lqmix-package

Overview of the package lqmix

Description

The lqmix package allows for the estimation of finite mixtures of linear quantile regression models based on Time-Constant (TC) and/or Time-Varying (TV), discrete, random coefficients for the analysis of longitudinal data.

Details

lqmix is an R package devoted to the estimation of a class of linear quantile regression models for longitudinal data, in the presence of Time-Constant (TC) and/or Time-Varying (TV), unit-specific, random coefficients, having unspecified distribution. The parameters of this distribution, together with all the others characterizing the model, are estimated in a maximum likelihood framework, via an extended Expectation-Maximization (EM) algorithm. This approach leads to the estimation of discrete distributions for the random coefficients, which give rise to a likelihood function similar to that of standard finite mixture models (in the case of TC random coefficients only), hidden Markov models (in the case of TV random coefficients only), or mixed hidden Markov models with discrete effects (in the case of both TC and TV random coefficients).

Parameters' standard errors are estimated via a block-bootstrap procedure, while model selection is performed by either maximizing the log-likelihood function, or minimizing the Akaike Information Criterion, or the Bayesian Information Criterion.

Missing data are allowed and treated under a Missing at Random assumption.

Author(s)

Maria Francesca Marino [aut,cre], Marco Alfo' [aut], Nicola Salvati [aut], and Maria Giovanna Ranalli [aut]

Maintainer: Maria Francesca Marino <mariafrancesca.marino@unifi.it>

References

- Alfo' M, Salvati N, Ranalli MG (2017). "Finite Mixtures of Quantiles and M-quantile models." *Statistics and Computing*, **27**, 547-570.
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`cd4`*CD4 Data*

Description

The cd4 data frame is made by a total of 2376 rows and 8 columns providing information on CD4 cell counts of 369 subjects followed for a maximum of 12 measurement occasions.

Usage

```
data(cd4)
```

Format

A data frame with 2376 observations on the following 8 variables:

```
sbj.id subject id
time.id time id
count CD4 count
lcount log(CD4 count + 1)
time years since seroconversion
age age (yrs) centered around 30
packs packs of cigarettes per day
partners number of sexual partners
drugs recreational drug use indicator
cesd depression score
```

Details

Multi-center AIDS Cohort Study providing a total of 2376 CD4+ cell counts of 369 HIV-infected men covering a period of approximately eight and half years. The number of measurements for each subject varies from 1 to 12. The CD4+ cell data are highly unbalanced.

References

Zeger SL, Diggle PJ (1994). "Semiparametric models for longitudinal data with application to CD4 cell numbers in HIV seroconverters." *Biometrics*, **50**, 689–699.

coef.lqmix	<i>Print the estimated coefficients of an lqmix object</i>
------------	--

Description

Print the estimated coefficients of a fitted model stored in an object of [class lqmix](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqmix'
coef(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	an lqmix object
...	not used

Value

Return the estimated coefficients in the longitudinal data model obtained at convergence of the EM algorithm for a fitted model of [class lqmix](#).

coef.lqr	<i>Print the estimated coefficients of an lqr object</i>
----------	--

Description

Print the estimated coefficients of a fitted model stored in an object of [class lqr](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqr'
coef(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	an lqmix object
...	not used

Value

Return the estimated coefficients for a fitted model of [class lqr](#).

<code>coef.search_lqmix</code>	<i>Printn the estimated coefficients for the optimal fitted model</i>
--------------------------------	---

Description

Print the estimated coefficients of the optimal fitted model stored in an object of `class search_lqmix`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'search_lqmix'
coef(object, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	a <code>search_lqmix</code> object
<code>...</code>	not used

Value

Return the estimated coefficients obtained at convergence of the EM algorithm for the optimal model obtained at convergence of the EM algorithm for a fitted model of `class search_lqmix`.

<code>dal</code>	<i>Density of the Asymmetric Laplace Distribution</i>
------------------	---

Description

Compute the density for the three parameter Asymmetric Laplace Distribution.

Usage

```
dal(y, mu = 0, sigma = 1, qtl = 0.5, log = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>y</code>	vector of quantiles
<code>mu</code>	location parameter
<code>sigma</code>	scale parameter
<code>qtl</code>	skewness parameter
<code>log</code>	logical; if TRUE, probabilities are log-transformed

Details

The function computes the density of the Asymmetric Laplace distribution, with location μ , scale $\sigma > 0$ and skewness $qt1 = q$ in $(0,1)$, as discussed by Koenker and Machado (1999) and Yu and Moyeed (2001), according to the following expression

$$f(y|\mu, \sigma, q) = \frac{q(1-q)}{\sigma} \exp(-\rho_q(\frac{y-\mu}{\sigma}))$$

Value

Return the density for the Asymmetric Laplace Distribution.

References

Koenker R, Machado JAF (1999). “Goodness of fit and related inference processes for quantile regression.” *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, **94**, 1296–1310.

Yu K, Moyeed RA (2001). “Bayesian quantile regression.” *Statistics & Probability Letters*, **54**, 437–447.

Yu K, Zhang J (2005). “A three-parameter asymmetric Laplace distribution and its extension.” *Communications in Statistics. Theory and Methods*, **34**, 1867–1879.

logLik.lqmix	<i>Print the log-likelihood of an {lqmix} object</i>
--------------	--

Description

Print the log-likelihood of a fitted model of `class lqmix`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqmix'
logLik(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	an {lqmix} object
...	not used

Value

Return an object of `class logLik` providing the log-likelihood value at convergence of the EM algorithm for a fitted model of `class lqmix`.

logLik.lqr	<i>Print the log-likelihood of an lqr object</i>
------------	--

Description

Print the log-likelihood of a fitted model of [class lqr](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqr'
logLik(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	an lqr object
...	not used

Value

Return an object of [class logLik](#) providing the log-likelihood for a fitted model of [class lqr](#).

logLik.search_lqmix	<i>Print the log-likelihood of the optimal model stored in a search_lqmix object</i>
---------------------	--

Description

Print the log-likelihood of an optimal fitted model stored in an object of [class search_lqmix](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'search_lqmix'
logLik(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	an lqmix object
...	not used

Value

Return an object of [class logLik](#) providing the log-likelihood value at convergence of the EM algorithm for a fitted model of [class lqmix](#).

lqmix	<i>Linear Quantile Mixture with TC and/or TV, discrete, random coefficients</i>
-------	---

Description

Estimate a finite mixture of linear quantile regression models with TC and/or TV discrete random coefficients, for a given number of components and/or states.

Usage

```
lqmix(formula, randomTC = NULL, randomTV = NULL, group, time, G = NULL,
      m = NULL, data, qtl = 0.5, eps = 10^-5, maxit = 1000, se = TRUE,
      R = 200, start = 0, parInit = list(betaf = NULL, betarTC = NULL,
      betarTV = NULL, pg = NULL, delta = NULL, Gamma = NULL, scale = NULL),
      verbose = TRUE, seed = NULL, parallel = FALSE, ncores = 2)
```

Arguments

formula	an object of class formula: a symbolic description of the model to be fitted
randomTC	a one-sided formula of the form $\sim z_1 + z_2 + \dots + z_d$, where z_1, \dots, z_d denote the variables associated to TC random coefficients (1 for the intercept)
randomTV	a one-sided formula of the form $\sim w_1 + w_2 + \dots + w_l$, where w_1, \dots, w_l denote the variables associated to TV random coefficients (1 for the intercept). Note that only TC variables are allowed
group	a string indicating the grouping variable, i.e., the factor identifying the unit longitudinal measurements refer to
time	a string indicating the time variable
G	number of mixture components associated to TC random coefficients
m	number of states associated to TV random coefficients
data	a data frame containing the variables named in formula, randomTC, randomTV, group, and time
qtl	quantile to be estimated
eps	tolerance level for convergence of the EM algorithm
maxit	maximum number of iterations for the EM algorithm
se	if set to TRUE, standard error are computed
R	number of bootstrap samples for computing standard errors
start	type of starting values (0 = deterministic, 1 = random, 2 = initial values in input)
parInit	list of initial model parameters when start=2
verbose	if set to FALSE, no printed output is given during the function execution
seed	an integer value for random numbers generation, used for random parameter initialization and bootstrap standard errors
parallel	if set to TRUE, a parallelized code is use for standard error computation (if se = TRUE)
ncores	number of cores used for computing bootstrap standard errors (if required)

Details

The function computes ML estimates for a linear quantile mixture model with TC and/or TV random coefficients. Estimates are derived by maximizing the (log-)likelihood of an Asymmetric Laplace regression, where the location parameter is modeled as a function of fixed coefficients, together with TC, TV, or TC and TV discrete random coefficients, as proposed by Alfo' et. al (2017), Farcomeni (2012), and Marino et. al (2018), respectively.

The function requires data in long-format and two additional columns indicating the group identifier and the time occasion. The model is specified by means of the arguments `formula`, `formulaTC`, and `formulaTV`: `formula` is associated to fixed coefficients; `formulaTC` is associated to TC random coefficients; `formulaTV` is associated to TV random coefficients. In this latter, only TC variables (predictors) are allowed.

The function allows for missing data, including dropouts (monotone missing data) and intermittent missingness, under a missing-at-random assumption. Note that, when TV random coefficients are considered, intermittent missingness may cause biased inference.

If `se=TRUE`, standard errors based on a block bootstrap procedure are computed.

Value

Return an object of class `lqmix`. This is a list containing the following elements:

<code>betaf</code>	a vector of fixed regression coefficients
<code>betarTC</code>	a matrix of TC random coefficients, if present in the model
<code>betarTV</code>	a matrix of TV random coefficients, if present in the model
<code>pg</code>	the prior probabilities of the finite mixture associated to TC random coefficients, if present in the model
<code>delta</code>	the initial probability vector of the hidden Markov chain associated to TV random coefficients, if present in the model
<code>Gamma</code>	the transition probability matrix of the hidden Markov chain associated to TV random coefficients, if present in the model
<code>scale</code>	the scale parameter
<code>sigma.e</code>	the standard deviation of error terms
<code>lk</code>	the log-likelihood at convergence of the EM algorithm
<code>npar</code>	the total number of model parameters
<code>aic</code>	the AIC value
<code>bic</code>	the BIC value
<code>qt1</code>	the estimated quantile
<code>G</code>	the number of mixture components associated to TC random coefficients (if present)
<code>m</code>	the number of hidden states associated to TV random coefficients (if present)
<code>nsbjs</code>	the number of subjects (units)
<code>nobs</code>	the total number of observations
<code>se.betaf</code>	the standard errors for fixed regression coefficients

se.betarTC	the standard errors for TC random coefficients, if present in the model
se.betarTV	the standard errors for TV random coefficients, if present in the model
se.Mprob	the standard errors for the prior probabilities of the finite mixture associated to TC random coefficients, if present in the model
se.Init	the standard errors for the initial probabilities of the hidden Markov chain associated to TV random coefficients, if present in the model
se.Trans	the standard errors for the transition probabilities of the hidden Markov chain associated to TV random coefficients, if present in the model
se.scale	the standard error for the scale parameter
vcov	the bootstrap variance-covariance matrices of the regression coefficients
postTC	a matrix of size $n_{\text{sbjs}} \times G$ with the estimated posterior probabilities for the finite mixture components associated to TC random coefficients, if present in the model
postTV	a matrix of size $n_{\text{Obs}} \times m$ with the estimated posterior probabilities for the hidden states associated to TV random coefficients, if present in the model
miss	the missingness type
model	the estimated model
call	the matched call
mmf	the model matrix associated with fixed regression coefficients
mmrTC	the model matrix associated with TC random coefficients, if present in the model
mmrTV	the model matrix associated with TV random coefficients, if present in the model
y	the model response
formula	the fixed model formula
randomTC	the model formula for the TC random coefficients, if present in the model
randomTV	the model formula for the TV random coefficients, if present in the model
group	the grouping variable
time	the time variable

References

- Alfo' M, Salvati N, Ranalli MG (2017). "Finite Mixtures of Quantiles and M-quantile models." *Statistics and Computing*, **27**, 547-570.
- Farcomeni A (2012). "Quantile regression for longitudinal data based on latent Markov subject-specific parameters." *Statistics and Computing*, **22**.
- Marino MF, Tzavidis N, Alfo' M (2018). "Mixed hidden Markov quantile regression models for longitudinal data with possibly incomplete sequences." *Statistical Methods in Medical Research*, **27**, 2231-2246.

Examples

```

outTC = lqmix(formula=meas~trt+time+trt:time,randomTC=~1,
              group="id",time="time",G=2,data=pain,se=TRUE,R=10)

outTV = lqmix(formula=meas~trt+time+trt:time,randomTV=~1,
              group="id",time="time",m=2,data=pain,R=10)

outTCTV = lqmix(formula=meas~trt+time+trt:time,randomTC=~time,
                randomTV=~1,group="id",time="time",m=2,G=2,data=pain,R=10)

```

lqr

*Linear Quantile Regression***Description**

Estimate a linear quantile regression model for independent data (no random coefficients).

Usage

```

lqr(formula, data, qtl = 0.5, se = TRUE, R = 100, verbose = TRUE,
     seed = NULL, parallel = FALSE, ncores = 2, ...)

```

Arguments

formula	an object of class formula: a symbolic description of the model to be fitted
data	a data frame containing the variables named in formula
qtl	quantile to be estimated
se	standard error computation
R	number of bootstrap samples for computing standard errors
verbose	if set to FALSE, no printed output is given during the function execution
seed	an integer value for random numbers generation, used for bootstrap standard errors
parallel	if set to TRUE, a parallelized code is use for standard error computation (if se=TRUE)
ncores	number of cores used for computing bootstrap standard errors (if required)
...	not used

Details

The function computes ML estimates for the parameters of a linear quantile regression model for independent observations. Estimates are derived by maximizing the (log-)likelihood of a Laplace regression, where the location parameter is modeled as a function of fixed coefficients only.

If se=TRUE, standard errors based on a bootstrap procedure are computed.

Value

Return an object of class `lqr`. This is a list containing the following elements:

<code>betaf</code>	a vector containing fixed regression coefficients
<code>scale</code>	the scale parameter
<code>sigma.e</code>	the standard deviation of error terms
<code>lk</code>	the log-likelihood
<code>npar</code>	the total number of model parameters
<code>AIC</code>	the AIC value
<code>BIC</code>	the BIC value
<code>qtl</code>	the estimated quantile
<code>nobs</code>	the total number of observations
<code>se.betaf</code>	the standard errors for the regression coefficients
<code>se.scale</code>	the standard error for the scale parameter
<code>model</code>	the estimated model
<code>mmf</code>	the model matrix associated to the regression coefficients
<code>y</code>	the model response
<code>call</code>	the matched call
<code>formula</code>	the model formula

References

Koenker R, Bassett Jr G (1978). "Regression Quantiles." *Econometrica*, **46**, 33–50.

Examples

```
out0 = lqr(formula=meas~trt+time+trt:time,data=pain,se=TRUE,R=10)
```

`pain`

Pain Data

Description

The pain data frame consists of a total of 357 rows and 4 columns providing information on pain levels of 83 women in labor, followed for up 6 measurement occasions.

Usage

```
data(pain)
```

Format

A data frame with 357 observations on the following 5 variables:

id woman id

meas a numeric vector of self-reported pain scores on a 100mm line

trt a dummy variable with values 1 for subjects who received a pain medication and 0 for subjects who received a placebo

time a numeric vector of times (minutes since randomization) at which pain was measured

Details

The data set consists of repeated measurements of self-reported pain on $n = 83$ women. 43 women were randomly assigned to a pain medication group and 40 to a placebo group. The response was measured every 30 minutes on a 100-mm line: 0 means no pain and 100 means extreme pain. The number of measurements for each woman varies from 1 to 6. Data are severely skewed, and the skewness changes magnitude, and even sign, over time.

References

Davis CS (1991). "Semi-parametric and non-parametric methods for the analysis of repeated measurements with applications to clinical trials." *Statistics in Medicine*, **10**, 1959–1980.

plot.lqmix

Plots for lqmix objects

Description

Graphically display component and/or transition probabilities of a fitted model of [class lqmix](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqmix'  
plot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	an object of class lqmix
...	not used

plot.search_lqmix *Plots for search_lqmix objects*

Description

Graphically display model selection criteria and component and/or transition probabilities of the optimal fitted model of [class search_lqmix](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'search_lqmix'
plot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	an object of class search_lqmix
...	not used

predict.lqmix *Predictions from an lqmix object*

Description

Returns the predicted values for an object of class [lqmix](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqmix'
predict(object, newdata = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

object	an lqmix object
newdata	an optional data frame in which to look for variables with which to predict. If omitted, the fitted values are produced
...	not used

Details

The function computes predictions for an object of [class lqmix](#). If the fitted model is based on TC, discrete, random coefficients only, a matrix of size nsbjcs x G is given as output; if the fitted model is based on TV, discrete, random coefficients only, a matrix of size nObs x m; if the fitted model is based on both TC and TV, discrete, random coefficients, an array of size nObs x G x m is returned.

Value

A matrix or an array of predictions, based on the estimated model.

predict.lqr *Predictions from an lqr object*

Description

Returns the predicted values for an object of [class lqr](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqr'
predict(object, newdata = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

object	an lqr object
newdata	an optional data frame in which to look for variables with which to predict. If omitted, the fitted values are produced
...	not used

Details

The function computes predictions for an object of [class lqr](#).

Value

A vector of predictions.

predict.search_lqmix *Predictions from the optimal fitted model*

Description

Returns the predicted values of the optimal fitted model stored in an object of [class search_lqmix](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'search_lqmix'
predict(object, newdata = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

object	a search_lqmix object
newdata	an optional data frame in which to look for variables with which to predict. If omitted, the fitted values are produced
...	not used

Details

The function computes predictions for the optimal fitted model stored in an object of `class` `search_lqmix`. If the optimal fitted model is based on TC, discrete, random coefficients only, a matrix of size `nsbj`s \times `G` is given as output; if the optimal fitted model is based on TV, discrete, random coefficients only, a matrix of size `nObs` \times `m`; if the optimal fitted model is based on both TC and TV, discrete, random coefficients, an array of size `nObs` \times `G` \times `m` is returned.

Value

A vector, a matrix, or an array of predictions, based on the optimal fitted model.

<code>print.lqmix</code>	<i>Print an lqmix object</i>
--------------------------	------------------------------

Description

Print an object of `class` `lqmix`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqmix'  
print(x, digits = max(3, getOption("digits") - 3), ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	an <code>lqmix</code> object
<code>digits</code>	a non-null value for digits specifying the minimum number of significant digits to be printed
<code>...</code>	not used

Value

Return an `lqmix` object.

```
print.lqr          Print an lqr object
```

Description

Print an object of `class lqr`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqr'
print(x, digits = max(3, getOption("digits") - 3), ...)
```

Arguments

x	an lqr object
digits	a non-null value for digits specifying the minimum number of significant digits to be printed
...	not used

Value

Return an `lqr` object.

```
print.search_lqmix  Print a search_lqmix object
```

Description

Print an object of `class search_lqmix`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'search_lqmix'
print(x, digits = max(3, getOption("digits") - 3),
      ...)
```

Arguments

x	a search_lqmix object
digits	a non-null value for digits specifying the minimum number of significant digits to be printed
...	not used

Value

Return a `search_lqmix` object.

print.summary.lqmix *Print the summary of an lqmix object*

Description

Print the summary of an object of [class lqmix](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.lqmix'  
print(x, digits = max(3, getOption("digits") - 3),  
      ...)
```

Arguments

x	a summary of an lqmix object
digits	a non-null value for digits specifying the minimum number of significant digits to be printed
...	not used

Value

Return a summary of an [lqmix](#) object.

print.summary.lqr *Print the summary of an lqr object*

Description

Print the summary of an an object of [class lqr](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.lqr'  
print(x, digits = max(3, getOption("digits") - 3), ...)
```

Arguments

x	a summary of an lqr object
digits	a non-null value for digits specifying the minimum number of significant digits to be printed
...	not used

Value

Return a summary of an [lqr](#) object.

```
print.summary.search_lqmix
    Print the summary of a search_lqmix object
```

Description

Print the summary of an object of `class search_lqmix`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.search_lqmix'
print(x, digits = max(3, getOption("digits") -
  3), ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	a summary of a <code>search_lqmix</code> object
<code>digits</code>	a non-null value for digits specifying the minimum number of significant digits to be printed
<code>...</code>	not used

Value

Return a summary of a `search_lqmix` object.

```
residuals.lqmix    Residuals from an lqmix object
```

Description

Returns the residuals from a fitted `lqmix` object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqmix'
residuals(object, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	an <code>lqmix</code> object
<code>...</code>	not used

Details

The function computes residuals for an object of class `lqmix`. If the fitted model is based on TC, discrete, random coefficients only, a matrix of size `nsbj`s \times `G` is given as output; if the fitted model is based on TV, discrete, random coefficients only, a matrix a matrix of size `nObs` \times `m` is given as output is given as output; if the fitted model is based on both TC and TV, discrete, random coefficients, an array of size `nObs` \times `G` \times `m` is returned. If the estimated model is based on TC, discrete, random coefficients only, a matrix is given as output. The number of columns corresponds to the estimated number of components (`G`). If the estimated model is based on TV, discrete, random coefficients only, a matrix is given as output. The number of columns corresponds to the estimated number of states (`m`). If the estimated model is based on both TC and TV, discrete, random coefficients, an array is given as output. The second and third dimensions correspond to the estimated number of components (`G`) and states (`m`), respectively.

Value

A matrix or an array of of residuals, based on the estimated model.

<code>residuals.lqr</code>	<i>Residuals from an lqr object</i>
----------------------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Returns the residuals from a fitted `lqr` object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqr'
residuals(object, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	an <code>lqr</code> object
<code>...</code>	not used

Details

The function computes residuals for an object of `class lqr`.

Value

A vector of residuals.

```
residuals.search_lqmix
```

Residuals from the optimal fitted model

Description

Returns the residuals from the optimal fitted model stored in an object of `class search_lqmix`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'search_lqmix'
residuals(object, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	an <code>search_lqmix</code> object
<code>...</code>	not used

Details

The function computes residuals for the optimal fitted model stored in an object of `class search_lqmix`. If the optimal fitted model is based on TC, discrete, random coefficients only, a matrix of size `nsbj`s \times `G` is given as output; if the optimal fitted model is based on TV, discrete, random coefficients only, a matrix a matrix of size `nObs` \times `m` is given as output; if the optimal fitted model is based on both TC and TV, discrete, random coefficients, an array of size `nObs` \times `G` \times `m` is returned.

Value

A vector, a matrix, or an array of of residuals, based on the estimated model.

```
search_lqmix
```

Search the Global Maximum of a Linear Quantile Mixture

Description

Search the global maximum of the log-likelihood function for a finite mixture of linear quantile regression models with TC and/or TV, discrete, random coefficients, for varying number of components and/or states.

Usage

```
search_lqmix(formula, randomTC = NULL, randomTV = NULL, group, time,
  Gv = NULL, mv = NULL, data, method = "bic", nran = 0, qtl = 0.5,
  eps = 10^-5, maxit = 1000, se = TRUE, R = 200, verbose = TRUE,
  seed = NULL, parallel = FALSE, ncores = 2)
```

Arguments

formula	an object of class formula: a symbolic description of the model to be fitted
randomTC	a one-sided formula of the form $\sim z_1 + z_2 + \dots + z_d$, where z_1, \dots, z_d denote the variables associated to TC random coefficients (1 for the intercept)
randomTV	a one-sided formula of the form $\sim w_1 + w_2 + \dots + w_l$, where w_1, \dots, w_l denote the variables associated to TV random coefficients (1 for the intercept). Note that only TC variables are allowed
group	a string indicating the grouping variable, i.e., the factor identifying the unit longitudinal measurements refer to
time	a string indicating the time variable
Gv	vector of possible number of mixture components associated to TC random coefficients, if present in the model
mv	vector of possible number of states associated to the TV random coefficients, if present in the model
data	a data frame containing the variables named in formula, randomTC, randomTV, group, and time
method	method to use for selecting the optimal model. Possible values are "lk", "aic", or "bic"
nran	number of repetitions of each random initialization
qtl	quantile to be estimated
eps	tolerance level for convergence of the EM algorithm
maxit	maximum number of iterations for the EM algorithm
se	standard error computation for the optimal model
R	number of bootstrap samples for computing standard errors
verbose	if set to FALSE, no printed output is given during the function execution
seed	an integer value for random numbers generation, used for random parameter initialization and bootstrap standard errors
parallel	if set to TRUE, a parallelized code is use for standard error computation (if se = TRUE)
ncores	number of cores used for computing bootstrap standard errors (if required)

Details

The function allows to identify the optimal model specification in terms of number of mixture components and/or hidden states associated to TC and/or TV random coefficients, respectively. This is done by considering a multi-start strategy based on both deterministic and random starting points. The number of random starts is proportional to the number of mixture components and/or hidden states associated to the random coefficients in the model. For models based on TC random coefficients, $nran \times (G-1)$ random starts are considered; for models based on TV or TC and TV random coefficients, the number of random start is set to $nran \times (m-1)$ and $nran \times (G-1) \times (m-1)$, respectively.

If `method = "lk"`, the optimal model selected by the function is that providing the highest log-likelihood value; if `method = "AIC"`, (`method = "BIC"`, respectively), the optimal model selected by the function is that providing the lowest AIC (BIC, respectively) value.

If `se=TRUE`, standard errors based on a block bootstrap procedure are computed for the identified optimal model.

Value

Return an object of class `search_lqmix`. This is a list containing the following elements:

<code>optimal</code>	the identified optimal model
<code>allmodels</code>	the output of each estimated model in the form of a list of lists; the former and the latter list are associated with TC and TV random coefficients, respectively
<code>lkv</code>	the vector of likelihood values for each fitted model
<code>aicv</code>	the vector of AIC values for each fitted model
<code>bicv</code>	the vector of BIC values for each fitted model
<code>qtl</code>	the estimated quantile
<code>mv</code>	the vector of possible number of states associated to TV random coefficients (if present)
<code>Gv</code>	the vector of possible number of mixture components associated to TC random coefficients (if present)
<code>method</code>	the method used to select the optimal model
<code>call</code>	the matched call

Examples

```
sTC = search_lqmix(formula=meas~trt+time+trt:time,
                  randomTC=~1,group="id",time="time",Gv=1:3,method="bic",data=pain,se=FALSE)
```

```
sTV = search_lqmix(formula=meas~trt+time+trt:time,
                  randomTV=~1,group="id",time="time",mv=1:3,method="bic",data=pain,se=FALSE)
```

```
sTCTV = search_lqmix(formula=meas~trt+time+trt:time,
                    randomTC=~time,randomTV=~1,group="id",time="time",mv=1:3,Gv=1:3,method="bic",data=pain,se=FALSE)
```

summary.lqmix

Summary of an lqmix object

Description

Summary method for the [class lqmix](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqmix'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	an lqmix object
...	not used

Value

Return an object of class `summary.lqmix`. This is a list of summary statistics for the fitted linear quantile mixture model given in `object`, with the following elements:

fix	a matrix with estimates, standard errors, Z statistics, and p-values for the fixed regression coefficients
ranTC	a matrix with estimates, standard errors, Z statistics, and p-values for the TC random coefficients (if present)
ranTV	a matrix with estimates, standard errors, Z statistics, and p-values for the TV random coefficients (if present)
pg	a matrix with estimates and standard errors for the prior probabilities of the finite mixture associated to TC random coefficients (if present)
delta	a matrix with estimates and standard errors for the initial probabilities of the hidden Markov chain associated to TV random coefficients (if present)
Gamma	a matrix with estimates and standard errors for the transition probabilities of the hidden Markov chain associated to TV random coefficients (if present)
scale	the scale parameter
sigma.e	the standard deviation of error terms
logLik	the log-likelihood at convergence of the EM algorithm
npar	the total number of model parameters
AIC	the AIC value
BIC	the BIC value
qtl	the estimated quantile
G	the number of mixture components associated to TC random coefficients, if present in the model
m	the number of hidden states associated to TV random coefficients, if present in the model
nsbj	the number of subjects
nobs	the total number of observations
miss	the missingness type
model	the estimated model
call	the matched call

`summary.lqr`*Summary of an lqr object*

Description

Summary method for the [class lqr](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqr'  
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	an lqr object
<code>...</code>	not used

Value

Return an object of class `summary.lqr`. This is a list of summary statistics for the fitted linear quantile regression model given in `object`, with the following elements:

<code>fix</code>	a matrix with estimates, standard errors, Z statistics, and p-values for the regression coefficients
<code>scale</code>	the scale parameter
<code>sigma.e</code>	the standard deviation of error terms
<code>lk</code>	the log-likelihood
<code>npar</code>	the total number of model parameters
<code>aic</code>	the AIC value
<code>bic</code>	the BIC value
<code>qtl</code>	the estimated quantile
<code>nobs</code>	the total number of observations
<code>model</code>	the estimated model
<code>call</code>	the matched call

summary.search_lqmix *Summary of a search_lqmix object*

Description

Summary method for the [class search_lqmix](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'search_lqmix'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	a search_lqmix object
...	not used

Value

Return an object of [class](#) `summary.search_lqmix`. This is a list of summary statistics for the optimal linear quantile mixture model given in `object$optimal`, with the following elements:

fix	a matrix with estimates, standard errors, Z statistics, and p-values for the fixed regression coefficients for the optimal fitted model
ranTC	a matrix with estimates, standard errors, Z statistics, and p-values for the TC random coefficients, if present for the optimal fitted model
ranTV	a matrix with estimates, standard errors, Z statistics, and p-values for the TV random coefficients, if present for the optimal fitted model
pg	a matrix with estimates and standard errors for the prior probabilities of the finite mixture associated to TC random coefficients, if present for the optimal fitted model
delta	a matrix with estimates and standard errors for the initial probabilities of the hidden Markov chain associated to TV random coefficients, if present for the optimal fitted model
Gamma	a matrix with estimates and standard errors for the transition probabilities of the hidden Markov chain associated to TV random coefficients, if present for the optimal fitted model
scale	the scale parameter for the optimal model
sigma.e	the standard deviation of error terms for the optimal model
logLik	the log-likelihood at convergence of the EM algorithm for the optimal model
npar	the total number of model parameters for the optimal model
AIC	the AIC value for the optimal model
BIC	the BIC value for the optimal model

qt1	the estimated quantile
G	the number of mixture components associated to TC random coefficients, if present for the optimal fitted model
m	the number of hidden states associated to TV random coefficients, if present for the optimal fitted model
nsbj	the number of subjects
nobs	the total number of observations
miss	the missingness type
model	the identified optimal model
call	the matched call

varAL	<i>Variance of Asymmetric Laplace random variables</i>
-------	--

Description

Compute the variance for the asymmetric Laplace Distribution.

Usage

```
varAL(sigma, qt1)
```

Arguments

sigma	scale parameter
qt1	skewness parameter

Value

Return the variance of Asymmetric Laplace random variables for given scale (sigma) and skewness (qt1) parameters.

References

- Koenker R, Machado JAF (1999). “Goodness of fit and related inference processes for quantile regression.” *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, **94**, 1296–1310.
- Yu K, Moyeed RA (2001). “Bayesian quantile regression.” *Statistics & Probability Letters*, **54**, 437–447.
- Yu K, Zhang J (2005). “A three-parameter asymmetric Laplace distribution and its extension.” *Communications in Statistics. Theory and Methods*, **34**, 1867–1879.

vcov.lqmix	<i>Calculate variance-covariance matrix for a fitted lqmix object</i>
------------	---

Description

Return the bootstrap variance-covariance matrix for the coefficients of a fitted `lqmix` object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqmix'
vcov(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	an <code>lqmix</code> object
...	not used

Value

A matrix of the estimated covariances between the parameter estimates in the linear predictor of the model.

vcov.lqr	<i>Calculate variance-covariance matrix for a fitted lqr object</i>
----------	---

Description

Return the bootstrap variance-covariance matrix for the parameters of a fitted `lqr` object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqr'
vcov(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	an <code>lqmix</code> object
...	not used

Value

A matrix of the estimated covariances between the parameter estimates in the linear predictor of the model.

vcov.search_lqmix *Calculate variance-covariance matrix for the optimal fitted model*

Description

Return the bootstrap variance-covariance matrix of the parameters of the optimal fitted model stored in an object of [class search_lqmix](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'search_lqmix'  
vcov(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	an search_lqmix object
...	not used

Value

A matrix of the estimated covariances between the main parameter estimates in the linear predictor of the model.

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